**इयत्ता: दहावी** पहिली घटक चाचणी विषय: Science 1 गुण: 20 वेळ: 1 तास

## Q.1 Solve the following questions.

(5 Marks)

- (i) The number of electrons in the outermost shell of alkali metals is......
- (A) 1
- (B) 2
- (C) 3
- (D) 7
- (ii) Alkaline earth metals have valency 2. This means that their position in the modern periodic table is in ....
- (i) Group 2
- (ii) Group16
- (iii) Period 2
- (iv) d-block
- (iii) Write the name and symbol of the element from the description.
- a. The atom having the smallest size.
- b. The atom having the smallest atomic mass.
- (iv) To prevent rusting, a layer of ...... metal is applied on iron sheets.
- (v) The conversion of ferrous sulphate to ferric sulphate is ...... reaction.

## Q.2 Solve the following questions. (Any Three)

(6 Marks)

- (i) What is the reaction called when oxidation and reduction take place simultaneously? Explain with one example.
- (ii) An element has its electron configuration as 2,8,2. Now answer the following questions.
- a. What is the atomic number of this element?
- b. What is the group of this element?
- (iii) What is the difference between mass and weight of an object.
- (iv) What are (i) free fall, (ii) acceleration due to gravity

## Q.2 Solve the following questions. (Any Three)

(9 Marks)

- (i) Solve the problem: The mass and weight of an object on earth are 5 kg and 49 N respectively. What will be their values on the moon? Assume that the acceleration due to gravity on the moon is 1/6th of that on the earth.
- (ii) Write scientific reasons: Atomic radius goes on decreasing while going from left to right in a period.
- (iii) Write the names from the description.
- a. The period with electrons in the shells K, L and M.
- b. The group with valency zero.
- c. The family of nonmetals having valency one.
- d. The family of metals having valency one.

- e. The family of metals having valency two.
- f. The metalloids in the second and third periods.
- (iv) Observe the following picture a write down the chemical reaction with explanation.

