

**Q1. Solve the following**

**(4 Marks)**

1) The ratio of corresponding sides of similar triangles is 3: 5; then find the ratio of their areas.

- (A) 3:5                      (B) 3:25                      (C) 9:25                      (D) 9:5

2  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$ . If  $AB = 4$  cm,  $PQ = 6$  cm and  $QR = 9$  cm then find  $BC$ ?

- (A) 2                      (B) 4                      (C) 5                      (D) 6

3) Out of the following which is the Pythagorean triplet?

- (A) (1, 5, 10)              (B) (3, 4, 5)              (C) (2, 2, 2)              (D) (5, 5, 2)

4) Out of the following which is not the Pythagorean triplet?

- (A) (12, 5, 15)              (B) (10, 24, 26)              (C) (12, 16, 25)              (D) (15, 17, 8)

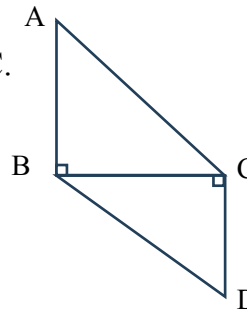
**Q2. Solve the following**

**(4 Marks)**

1) In figure,  $\text{seg } AB \perp \text{seg } BC$  and  $\text{seg } DC \perp \text{seg } BC$ .

if  $AB = 3$  cm and  $CD = 4$  cm then

$$\frac{A(\triangle ABC)}{A(\triangle DBC)} = ?$$



2) Base of a triangle is 9 and height is 5. Base of another triangle is 10 and height is 6. Find the ratio of areas of these triangles.

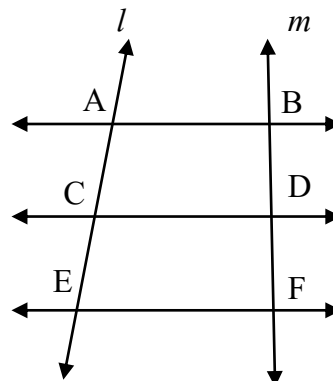
3) In right angled triangle PQR, Hypotenuse  $PR = 12$  and side  $PQ = 6$ , then find the measure of  $\angle P$

4) Find the diagonal and perimeter of a square whose side is 10 cm.

**Q3. Solve the following (Any 3)**

**(6 Marks)**

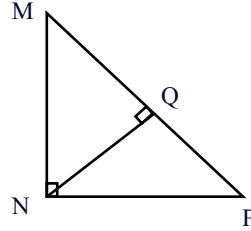
1) In figure, line  $AB \parallel$  line  $CD \parallel$  line  $EF$ ,  
line  $l$  and line  $m$  are transversal. If  $AC = 6$ ,  
 $CE = 9$ ,  $BD = 8$  then Find  $DF$ .



2) In  $\triangle ABC$ , Seg  $DE \parallel$  side  $BC$ . if  $AD = 6$  cm,  $DB = 9$  cm,  $EC = 7.5$  cm, then find  $AE$ .

3) In figure,  $\angle MNP = 90^\circ$ , seg  $NQ \perp$  seg  $MP$ ,

$MQ = 9$ ,  $QP = 4$ , Find  $NQ$ .



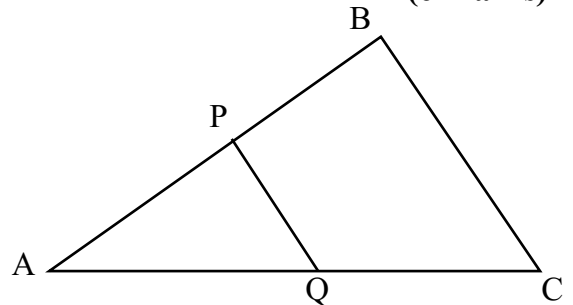
4) Find the side of a square whose diagonal is  $12\sqrt{2}$  cm

**Q4. Solve the following (Any 2)**

**(6 Marks)**

1) In  $\triangle ABC$ , seg  $PQ$  intersect to side  $AB$  at point  $P$  and intersect to side  $AC$  at  $Q$ . seg  $PQ \parallel$  seg  $BC$ .

If  $PQ$  divide  $\triangle ABC$  in two equal areas Then find,  $\frac{BP}{AB}$



2) Prove That: If a line parallel to a side of a triangle intersects the remaining sides in two distinct points, then the line divides the sides in the same proportion.

3) In  $\triangle PQR$ , Point  $S$  is midpoint of side  $QR$ . If  $PQ = 11$ ,  $PR = 17$ ,  $PS = 13$  then find  $QR$